FACTORS TO CONSIDER WHEN ANALYSING

**PUBLICATION:** Date: current vs historical, publisher's reputation

**AUTHOR:** Qualifications, bias, sponsored sources, motives for personal gain

**OTHER CONSIDERATIONS:** Primary vs secondary sources, evidence / research-based or fictional, consistency with other sources, presentation / spelling / grammar and references.

RELIABLE / ACCURATE SOURCES

*Most reliable:* Official websites / institutional sites / academic journals, experts in field, recently revised documents, peer reviewed by reliable sources, citations referencing other well – cited works

*Possibly reliable:* Published materials, authors educated on the topic, outdated sources, good public response, credible / sponsored sources

*Less reliable:* Unfamiliar websites, un-credited sources, no date, controversial reviews, clearly biased.

Source: Flinders University (2018)